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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/448,884	11/24/1999	JOELLE SHARP	18865-003600	5563	
20350	7590 12/04/2002				
TOWNSENI	O AND TOWNSEND	EXAMINER			
	RCADERO CENTER	VU, DAVID			
EIGHTH FLC	ISCO, CA 94111-3834	•	·		
SAN FRANC	15CO, CA 94111-363	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2818		
			DATE MAILED: 12/04/2002	!	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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ī		Арр	lication No.	Applicant(s)	AL			
Office Action Summary		09/4	148,884	SHARP ET AL.				
		Exa	miner	Art Unit				
			UV DIV	2818				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commur r Reply	ication appears o	on the cover she t w	ith th correspondence ad	ldress			
THE N - Exter after: - If the - If NO - Failui - Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN usions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 period for reply is specified above, the maximum si re to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In nunication. s0) days, a reply within to atutory period will apply v will, by statute, cause to	n no event, however, may a the statutory minimum of thin or and will expire SIX (6) MOI the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timel NTHS from the mailing date of this c BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) fi	led on <u>09 June 2</u>	<u>2003</u> .					
2a)□	This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This acti	ion is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims								
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the	application.						
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>15-18</u> is/a	re withdrawn froi	m consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14 and 19-23</u> is/are rejected.							
7) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or elec	tion requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
,	The specification is objected to by th		_					
10) 🔲 -	The drawing(s) filed on is/are							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
,—	The oath or declaration is objected to	b by the Examine	er.					
•	inder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
•—	Acknowledgment is made of a clain	n for foreign prior	ity under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (t).				
a)[☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority							
	2. Certified copies of the priority							
* S	3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Intersection application from the Intersection action.	national Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		Stage			
14) 🗌 A	cknowledgment is made of a claim	for domestic prio	rity under 35 U.S.C.	. § 119(e) (to a provisiona	l application).			
) The translation of the foreign la Acknowledgment is made of a claim		* *					
Attachment	-	·						
2) D Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) R			Summary (PTO-413) Paper No Informal Patent Application (PT				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

1. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U. S. C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sato et al. (US 6,100,132).

Regarding claims 1-14, Sato et al., in related text, (Col. 5, Lines. 40-46; Col. 6, Lines. 41-45; Col. 16, Lines. 37-40; Col. 19, Lines. 50-63; Col. 20, Lines. 45-62; Col. 21, Lines 3-6) disclose a method of forming a trench in a semiconductor substrate, the trench defined by an open end at a major surface of the substrate and by a closed end within the body of the substrate, the method comprising the steps of: growing a masking layer on the major surface of the substrate; selectively etching, through the masking layer to the major surface of the substrate to

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define a trench opening access; anisotropically etching, from the trench opening access and into the body of the substrate to form a trench; removing the selectively etched masking layer; annealing the trench in hydrogen ambient with a temperature of between about 850-1200°C (Col. 19, Lines. 10-20) and pressure about 80Torr (Col. 14, Lines. 50-58) to reduce the number of defects in the trench created during the step of forming, and to round corners at the open and closed ends of the trench.

2. Claims 19-20 and 23 are rejected under 35 U. S. C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hara et al. (US 5,915,180).

Regarding claims 19-20 and 23, Hara et al., in related text, (Col. 6, Line 10-Col. 7, Line 62) and figures (Figs 1-6) disclose a method of making a trench field effect transistor, comprising: providing a semiconductor substrate 10f an N+ dopant charge type, the substrate embodying the drain of the trench field effect transistor; growing an epitaxial layer 2 of the N-dopant charge type on the substrate 1, the epitaxial layer having a different resistivity than the resistivity of the substrate; growing a masking layer on the major surface of the substrate; anisotropically etching, from the trench opening access and into the body of the substrate to form a trench (Fig. 4); removing the selectively etched masking layer; annealing the trench and growing a dielectric layer 7 on the walls of the trench; (Col. 7, Lines. 39-47 and Figs. 4-5); forming a conductor 8a/8b over the dielectric layer 7, the conductor embodying the gate of the trench field effect transistor; patterning the epitaxial layer and implanting a dopant of a second charge type to form p-wells 3 interposed between adjacent trenches; patterning the epitaxial layer

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and implanting a dopant of the n-type to form regions that embody the source regions of the field effect transistor (Fig. 6).

3. Claims 19-23 are rejected under 35 U. S. C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Takeuchi et al., (US 6,133,587).

Regarding claims 19-23, Takeuchi et al., in related text, (Col. 6, Line 13-Col. 8, Line 35) and figures (Figs 6-11) disclose a method of making a trench field effect transistor, comprising: providing a semiconductor substrate 1 of an N+ dopant charge type, the substrate embodying the drain of the trench field effect transistor; growing an epitaxial layer 2 of the N- dopant charge type on the substrate 1, the epitaxial layer having a different resistivity than the resistivity of the substrate; growing a masking layer on the major surface of the substrate; anisotropically etching, from the trench opening access and into the body of the substrate to form a trench (Fig. 8); removing the selectively etched masking layer; annealing the trench at 1100 in hydrogen and growing a dielectric layer 8 on the walls of the trench; (Col. 7, Line 46-Col. 8, Line 4 and Figs. 8-5); forming a conductor 9 over the dielectric layer 8, the conductor embodying the gate of the trench field effect transistor; patterning the epitaxial layer and implanting a dopant of a second charge type to form p-wells 3 interposed between adjacent trenches; patterning the epitaxial layer and implanting a dopant of the n-type to form regions that embody the source regions of the field effect transistor (Fig. 11).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takeuchi et al., (US 6,133,587) in view of Sato et al. (US 6,100,132).

Takeuchi et al., disclose all claimed subject matter, but fails to expressly disclose the trench are annealed within a pressure range of about 40-240 Torr.

Sato et al., in related text, disclose the step of annealing the trench with a pressure about 80Torr (Col. 14, Lines. 50-58). However, given the substantial Takeuchi et al., in view of Sato et al., it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention for annealing the trench in the atmosphere as taught by Takeuchi et al. to reduce the number of defects in the trench created during the step of forming, and to round corners at the open and closed ends of the trench.

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Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Vu whose telephone number is (703) 305-0391. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00am to 5:00pm. If attempt to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Nelms., can be reached on (703) 308-4910.

D√ David Vu.

> HOAI HO PRIMARY EXAMINER